

Analytical Modeling of Dual-Junction Tandem Solar Cells Based on an InGaP/GaAs Heterojunction Stacked on a Ge Substrate

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Abstract: An analytical model is used to describe the electrical characteristics of a dual-junction tandem solar cell performing with a conversion efficiency of 32.56% under air mass 1.5 global (AM1.5G) spectrum. The tandem structure consists of a thin heterojunction top cell made of indium gallium phosphide (InGaP) on gallium arsenide (GaAs), mechanically stacked on a relatively thick germanium (Ge) substrate, which acts as bottom cell. In order to obtain the best performance of such a structure, we simulate for both the upper and lower sub-cell the current density–voltage, power density–voltage, and spectral response behaviors, taking into account the doping-dependent transport parameters and a wide range of minority carrier surface recombination velocities. For the proposed tandem cell, our calculations predict optimal photovoltaic parameters, namely the short-circuit current density (J_{sc}), open-circuit voltage (V_{oc}), maximum power density (P_{max}), and fill factor (FF) are $J_{sc} = 28.25 \text{ mA/cm}^2$, $V_{oc} = 1.24 \text{ V}$, $P_{max} = 31.64 \text{ mW/cm}^2$, and $FF = 89.95\%$, respectively. The present study could prove useful in supporting the design of high efficiency dual junction structures by investigating the role of different materials and physical parameters.

Keywords : Analytical modeling, tandem solar cell, Spectral response, conversion efficiency