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## EVALUATION OF MECHANICAL STRESS EFFECT ON THE PROPERTIES OFSTAINLESS STEEL SURFACES BY SECM, SKP, SVET AND LEIS

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**Abstract :** Mechanical stress or fatigue cracks originate from varioussurface imperfections, such as inclusions, pits, or residualstress. It is very important to use a method to predict thelikelihood of environment-assisted cracking or pitting corrosion. The austenitic stainless steel shows high corrosionresistance level. It knows that plastic deformation decreaseit's resistance. The corrosion form in case of this steel is veryspecial and the corrosion tests are difficult. The investigation of Scanning Kelvin Probe (SKP), s canning vibrationelectrode technique (SVET) and localized electrochemicalimpedance spectroscopy (LEIS) to evaluate the influence ofmechanical stress on the electrochemical properties of austenitic stainless steel 316L. We tested the selected steel about its corrosion behaviour afterhigh rate deformation. We wanted to find a relationship between the corrosion resistance decreasing and the rate of the plastic deformation. Plastic deformation effect of the corrosion resistance in case of austenitic stainless steel

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